



# High-resolution Gamma Tomography at the University of Michigan

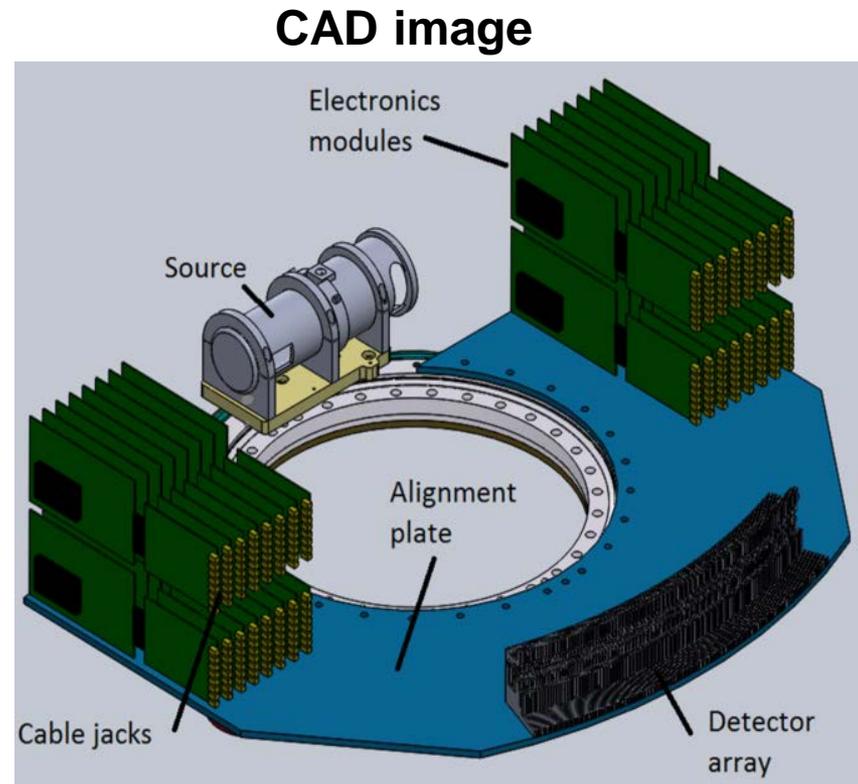
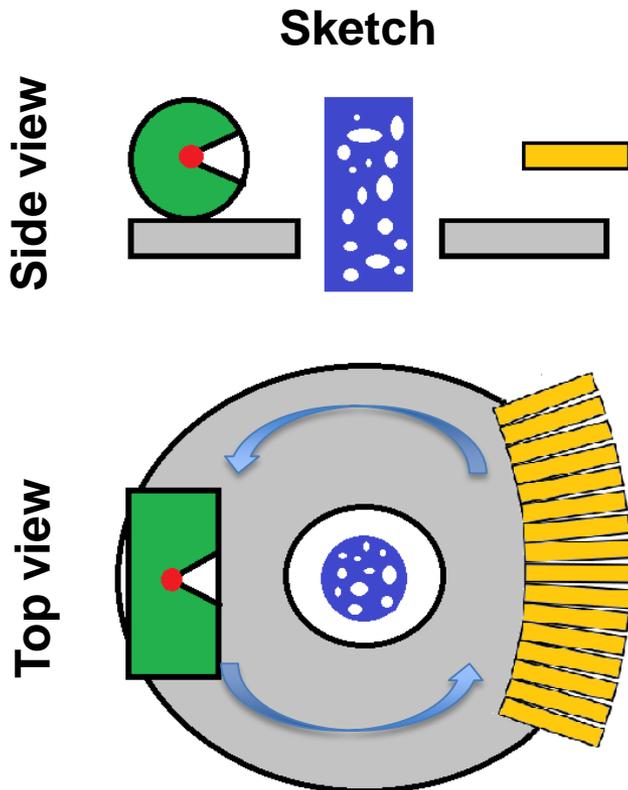
Experimental and Computational Multiphase Flow Group

R. Adams\*, V. Petrov, A. Manera

# Introduction/background

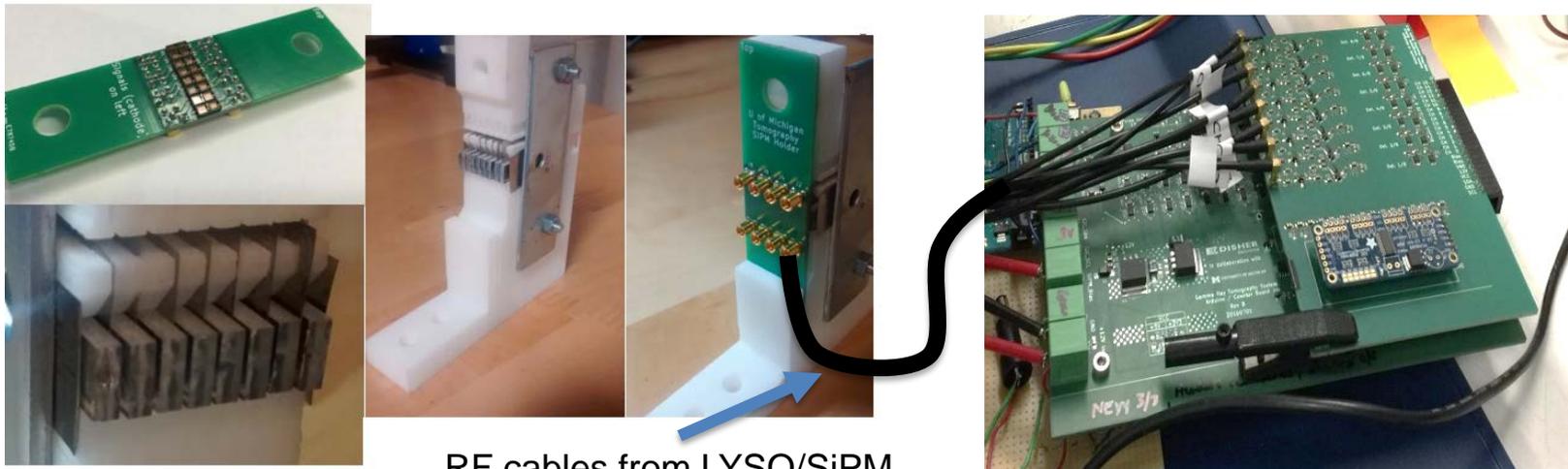
**Goal:** development of in-house flexible, low cost, modular, high-resolution ( $\leq 1\text{mm}$ ) gamma tomography system for flow imaging in complex geometries and/or high pressure system [better penetration/contrast than X-rays]

(Current setup accommodates **450 mm diameter objects** but could be increased)



# Some technical details

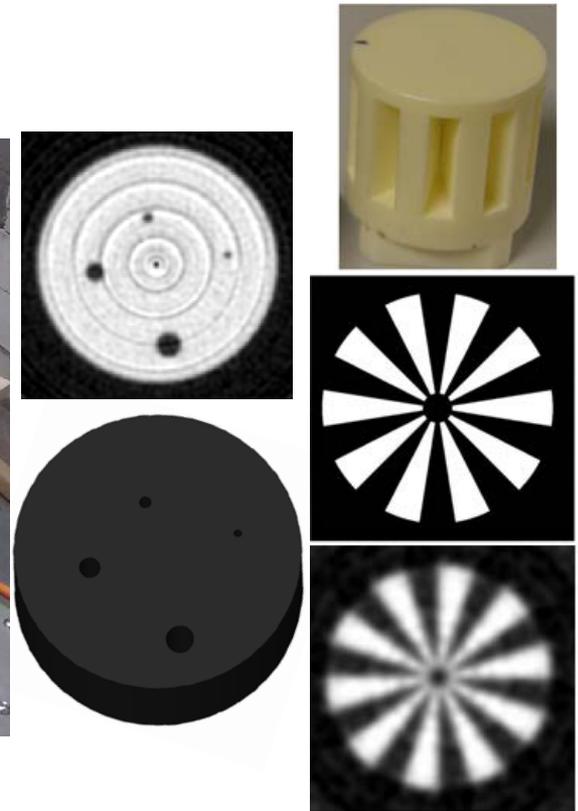
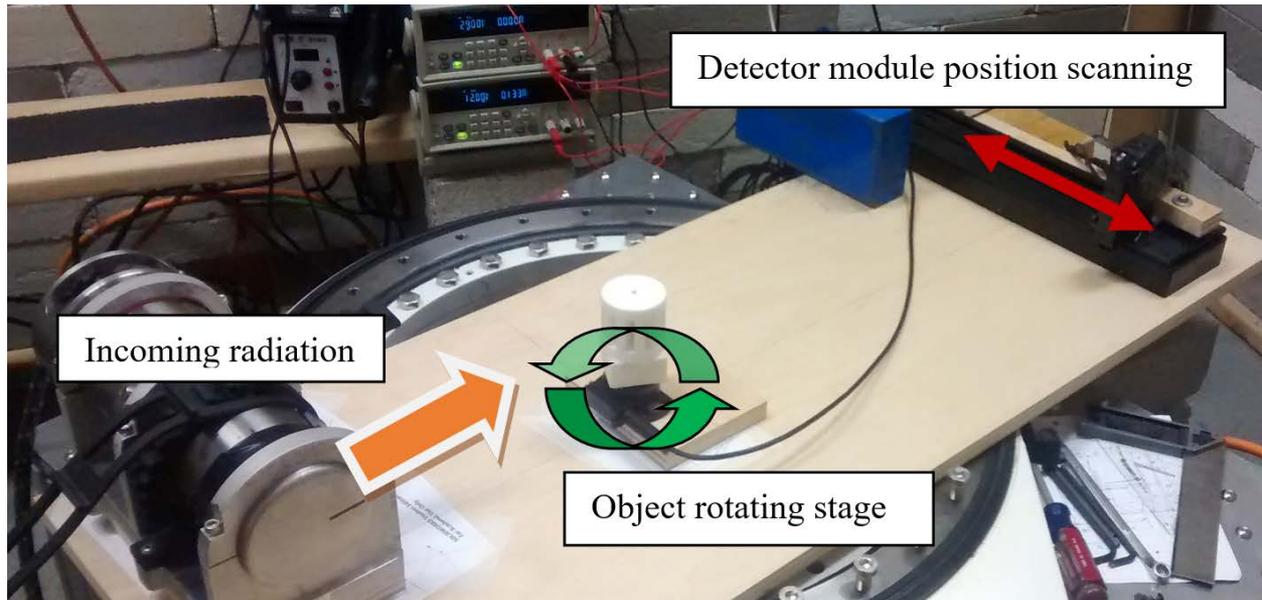
- Ir-192 chosen mainly for small emitting spot size vs (less imaging blur)
  - Three main energy lines (approx. 310, 475, 604 keV)
- Detector pitch of 2.5 mm, LYSO scintillators read out by Silicon photomultipliers
- Completely in-house scalable 8-detector electronics modules
  - Signal amplification
  - Two software-controlled energy discrimination thresholds per detector
  - 16-bit counters with no readout dead time (readout up to 100 Hz)
  - Simple TTL synchronization of counter readout
  - Data stored on board memory and read out later by WiFi



RF cables from LYSO/SiPM  
to readout boards

# Imaging test setup

- Optimized arc geometry (300 mm source-object and 800 mm source-detector)
- Single module scanned linearly at each projection angle to simulate full array
- Test objects (e.g. Siemens star) verify 1 mm spatial resolution

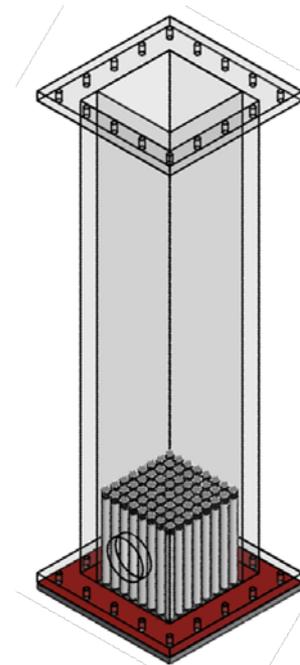
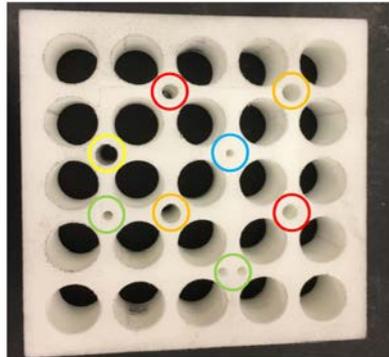


# Current status and outlook

- Further validation with Incoloy/plastic stationary bundle mock-ups ongoing
- Complete detector array imaging system to be commissioned this year (60s/tomogram), along with vertical gantry for slice-by-slice 3D scanning of flow loops
- Tests with adiabatic then high-temp test loops are planned
- **Detector modules are scalable and adaptable to different detector sizes, array geometries (also 2D), and sources (LYSO→Plastic = fast neutron imaging) for a range of imaging applications**



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Further details:  
See NURETH-17

