

MARVEL Technology Review: Reactivity Control System (RCS)

Control Drum, Shutdown Rod (Central Insurance Absorber), Reactor Protection System, and Interlocks

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MARVEL RCS Development Team











Requirements

Manual Control	MARVEL reactor shall be brought critical and operated using manual control
Position Indication	The MARVEL reactor shall have control drum angular position indication over the full range of rotation with resolution to be determined during the design effort.
Safe Shutdown Verification	MARVEL shall be designed with a reactivity control position indication in the control room to verify the reactor is shut down.
Subcritical Fuel Loading	The MARVEL reactivity control system shall have a mechanical locking mechanism conforming to INL lockout-tagout procedure to ensure the reactor stays subcritical during fuel loading. (Safety measures will be in place to prevent going critical).
Seismic Evaluations	MARVEL reactor systems important to safety as identified in the accident analysis as defined in SAR-420 shall be designed to NPH design category 2 (NDC-2).
Reactor Shutdown by Stored Energy	The I&C (RPS) and RCS shall include features to facilitate reactor shutdown on loss of power as achieved by stored energy. May need to revise based on outcome of 'active/passive' discussions.
Seismic Design	MARVEL reactor SSCs important to safety as identified in the accident analysis as defined in SAR-420 Addendum 1 Ch 3 shall be designed to NPH design category 2 (NDC-2).
CIA Operational Limit	The CIA rod shall be operated such that the rod is fully withdrawn before setting of the hard-stops or as part of characterizing the gray rod.
Clutch Health	The control computer shall warn the operator that the current to generate the necessary clutch power is out of tolerance for the expected situation.
Control Drum Maximum Insertion Signal	The drums shall provide a signal when the control drum shaft reaches the reactivity limiting hard-stops.
Drum Position Discrepancy	Upon discrepancy or more than 0.1 degrees in relative position indication from sensors for a single drum, the Control Computer shall provide a means to warn the operators of the discrepancy to take appropriate action (manual scram or manual shutdown).
Motor Overcurrent	Fuses and software induced overcurrent setpoints shall be used to prevent overcurrent to each motor controller or motor.
Motor Replacement	The drum design shall include provisions for removing and replacing failed CD and CIA motors.
CIA Motor and Rod Position Measurement	The CIA rod position measurement components should measure the control rod position with a precision of at least {2} mm
CD Motor and Shaft Position Measurement	The control drums shall measure the motor and shaft position with a precision of at least 0.02 degrees and relay the information to the control computer.
Drum/Rod Measurement Capability	The drum or rod forcing components shall provide the mechanical torque needed to move the control drum or rod in the direction demanded by the motor controller.
Control Drum Shutdown Limit Signal	The Control Drum and CIA Rod shall provide a signal when the control drum or Rod reaches the full shutdown position.
Control Drum Data Transmission	The drums/rod shall transmit the control drum/rod position reading to the control computer.
Manual Reactor Shutdown	The control computer and RCS shall provide the capability to manually shut down the reactor safely in a controlled fashion.
Drum Insertion Speed (RCS)	The RCS shall be capable of achieving a rotational velocity of 0.5 deg/sec for the fast speed setting and 0.05 deg/sec for the slow speed setting.
I&C and RCS Systems Design Life Inside Reactor Vessel	Equipment installed within the reactor shall be designed to operate for at least 2 years without maintenance.
I&C and RCS systems outside reactor vessel	Equipment required for continuous MARVEL operation shall provide at least 99% availability during the two-year operating life of MARVEL, unless specifically noted.
I&C and RCS SSCs within shielding and above the primary boundary	RCS SSCs should be capable of an absorbed neutron dose of [122 -1000 TBD] MRad
Radiation Environment for systems outside of reactor shielding	I&C and RCS SSCs should be capable of operating in a radiation field up to 42mRem/hr.
Design for Operating Environment	The systems shall be designed for the environmental conditions in which it is installed (e.g., thermal, radiation, pressure, vibration).
Control Drum Temperature Environment	The control drum SSCs shall be capable of maintaining their structural integrity at temperatures up to 1100°F.
Control Drum Stress Limits	The Control Drum shall be designed to withstand material stresses (e.g., creep, swelling) imposed by the operating environment and thermal cycles of the reactor.
I&C and RCS Maintenance and Replacement	Accessible system equipment shall include provisions for maintenance and removal/replacement.



Final System Description:

- CD and CIA provide significantly diverse methods







- Mechanical
- Electrical
- Software





CD and CIA Actuator Application

- Actuated at top of reactor
- Penetrations are minimal
- Actuators are accessible

Requirements Satisfied:

- I&C and RCS Maintenance and Replacement
- Motor Replacement





CD and CIA Mechanical to Electrical



CD System SR Excess Reactivity Insertion Prevention Function

Interlock's cascading relay (SR) activates only 1 motor 1.



Setting CD and CIA Interlock Hard Stops During Zero Power **Physics Testing**

Only adjusted at initial zero power physics test and then fixed

- Adjustable cam rotation
- Bolt stops shaft rotation when it hits end of slot

power test

Direct install

Fab final d-shape Set Limit at feature after initial zero Zero Power Or tack weld in shim







CD, CIA, and RPS Electric Requirements



CD, CIA, and Interlock Electric Requirements

Reactor Protection

Control Drum Data Transmission



CD and CIA Software Requirements

Disclaimer: PROTOTYPING Software for RCS, RPS, and Interlocks

- Drum Insertion Speed (RCS)

Note: Gain control enables target response tuning for better position/speed control influenced by inertia, spring constant, damping, and gear ratio

CD and CIA Software Requirements

• Disclaimer: PROTOTYPING Software for RCS, RPS, and Interlocks

Qualification Methods

- Each CD and CIA actuator will go through a checkout and assembly plan
- The qualification process in the double delta platform intends to load the systems to approximate the reactor application with some potential loadings being:
 - Expected deflections
 - Thermal expansions
 - Inertia
 - Drum geometry
 - Expected torques
 - Deflections at bearings
 - Potential thermal loads

Prototypes

Electrical

Development and Prototyping Process (Current)

Prototype mechanical, electrical, software, qualification

Software

Qualification

Prototype Interlock

RPS Prototype

CD Actuator System NSR Functions

CIA Actuator System NSR Functions

CD System Primary Modes

- Pre-Operation:
 - Activate and check all systems
 - Adjust drum out hard stop to target
 - Home System against in hard stop
 - Independently Test SR Out Hard Stop for each Drum
 - Independently Test SR Scram for each Drum

Operation

- Move to target Sub Critical Setpoint
- Move Drum to Critical Position
 - Check criticality necessary systems
- Adapt Position Based on Criteria Such as Load Following
- Demonstrate Hitting Drum Out Hard Stop
- Controlled Shutdown
- Scram as necessary

CIA System Primary Modes

• Pre-Operation:

- Adjust CIA hard stop to target if necessary
- Activate and check all systems
- Home System
- Demonstrate Hitting Out Hard Stop
- Test Scram

Operation

- Move to Top position
 - check criticality measurement systems
- Demonstrate Hitting Out Hard Stop
- Retain position during operation
- Controlled Shutdown

